

## § 95.625

the United States, on or after March 1, 1992, or are marketed on or after March 1, 1993, must be maintained within a frequency tolerance of 0.002%. R/C transmitters operating in the 72-76 MHz band and marketed before March 1, 1993, may continue to be operated with a frequency tolerance of 0.005% until March 1, 1998.

[53 FR 36789, Sept. 22, 1988; 53 FR 52713, Dec. 29, 1988; 56 FR 15837, Apr. 18, 1991]

### § 95.625 CB transmitter channel frequencies.

(a) The CB transmitter channel frequencies are:

Channel No.	(MHz)
1 .....	26.965
2 .....	26.975
3 .....	26.985
4 .....	27.005
5 .....	27.015
6 .....	27.025
7 .....	27.035
8 .....	27.055
9 .....	27.065
10 .....	27.075
11 .....	27.085
12 .....	27.105
13 .....	27.115
14 .....	27.125
15 .....	27.135
16 .....	27.155
17 .....	27.165
18 .....	27.175
19 .....	27.185
20 .....	27.205
21 .....	27.215
22 .....	27.225
23 .....	27.255
24 .....	27.235
25 .....	27.245
26 .....	27.265
27 .....	27.275
28 .....	27.285
29 .....	27.295
30 .....	27.305
31 .....	27.315
32 .....	27.325
33 .....	27.335
34 .....	27.345
35 .....	27.355
36 .....	27.365
37 .....	27.375
38 .....	27.385
39 .....	27.395
40 .....	27.405

(b) Each CB transmitter must be maintained within a frequency tolerance of 0.005%.

### § 95.627 FRS unit channel frequencies.

(a) The FRS unit channel frequencies are:

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Channel No.	(MHz)
1 .....	462.5625
2 .....	462.5875
3 .....	462.6125
4 .....	462.6375
5 .....	462.6625
6 .....	462.6875
7 .....	462.7125
8 .....	467.5625
9 .....	467.5875
10 .....	467.6125
11 .....	467.6375
12 .....	467.6625
13 .....	467.6875
14 .....	467.7125

(b) Each FRS unit must be maintained within a frequency tolerance of 0.00025%.

[61 FR 28769, June 6, 1996]

### § 95.628 MICS transmitter.

(a) *Frequency monitoring.* Medical implant programmer/control transmitters must incorporate a mechanism for monitoring the channel or channels that the MICS system devices intend to occupy. The monitoring system antenna shall be the antenna normally used by the programmer/control transmitter for a communications session. Before a medical implant programmer/control transmitter initiates a MICS communications session, the following access criteria must be met:

(1) The monitoring system bandwidth measured at its 20 dB down points must be equal to or greater than the emission bandwidth of the intended transmission.

(2) Within 5 seconds prior to initiating a communications session, circuitry associated with a medical implant programmer/control transmitter must monitor the channel or channels the MICS system devices intend to occupy for a minimum of 10 milliseconds per channel.

(3) Based on use of an isotropic monitoring system antenna, the monitoring threshold power level must not be more than  $10\log B(\text{Hz}) - 150 \text{ (dBm/Hz)} + G(\text{dBi})$  where B is the emission bandwidth of the MICS communication session transmitter having the widest emission and G is the medical implant programmer/control transmitter monitoring system antenna gain relative to an isotropic antenna. For purposes of showing compliance with the above